



Orangeburgh Genealogical Society

First Families of Orangeburgh District (SC)

KEMMERLIN

(KEMMERLING)

First Family Biography

MATHEW (Mathias) KEMMERLING was probably born in Germany, and died Aft. 1790 in Orangeburgh District, South Carolina.^[2] He married ANNA MARGARETTA UNKNOWN. She was probably born in Germany, and died Bef. 1790 in Orangeburgh District, South Carolina.^[2] No information about their parents is known at this time.

Mathew and his family arrived in Charles Town, South Carolina before 1764 on an unknown ship. The family received money from the Fund for New Settlers in January 1764.^[3] On 2 March 1764 Mathew petitioned the Colonial Council for a land grant claiming 50 acres for himself and each member of his family. The petition states that they were poor Protestants recently arrived from Germany.^[1, 4] On 29 July 1768 he officially received 300 acres in Berkley County^[5, 6] near the Santee River, later known as Amelia Township, Orangeburgh District. This land was sold to Peter Manigault in November 1773.^[7]

No record of his sons and daughters can presently be found. There is an implied, but not yet proven link between Mathew Kemmerling and Daniel Kemmerlin, (b. abt. 1753, d. 1816) the common ancestor of all Kemmerlins living in the Orangeburg/Calhoun counties area today.^[8]

The surname was spelled various ways in the records, but the current spelling, Kemmerlin, was used in the family records by 1801.^[8]

Mathew was listed on 1790 Census as living alone, but near Daniel.^[2]

Children of MATHEW KEMMERLING and ANNA UNKNOWN are:

- a. ANNA MARGARETTA KEMMERLING, b. Bet. 1743 - 1752, probably Germany.
- b. JOHN JACOB KEMMERLING b. Bet. 1743 - 1752, probably Germany.
- c. MARIA BARBARA KEMMERLING b. Bet. 1743 - 1752, probably Germany.
- d. ANNA MARIA KEMMERLING b. Bet. 1762 - 1764, probably Germany.

e. GEORGE SAMUEL KEMMERLING b. Bet. 1762 - 1764, probably Germany.

REFERENCES:

1. Janie Revill, *Protestant Immigrants to SC 1763-1773*, 1974, p. 14.
2. Census Records of SC 1790.
3. Jack Moreland and Mary Bondurant Warren, *SC Immigrants 1760-1770*, pp. 68,69,301.
4. Brent H. Holcomb, *Petitions for Land from the SC Council Journals, Vol. V: 1757-1765*, p. 149.
5. Original King's Land Grant dated July 29, 1768.
6. Mary Bondurant Warren, *Citizens and Immigrants SC 1768*, 1994, p. 61.
7. Jesse Hogan Motes III and Margaret Peckham Motes, *SC Memorials: Abstracts of Land Titles, Vol. 1*, 1996, p. 208.
8. Prayer Book of Daniel Kemmerlin

Other references to this surname found in OGS GS Newsletters: Vol. 1 #3 p. 16; Vol. 3 # 3 p. 20; Vol. 4 #7 p. 58; Vol. 6 #7 p. 134, 135.

Family Migration

During the early and mid-Nineteenth century many descendants of the early Orangeburgh area families migrated to Alabama, Georgia, Florida, Arkansas, Texas, Mississippi, Louisiana and other points west. The information we have provided about a family's migration to another state is an attempt to document those migrations in order to assist family researchers in connecting their ancestors back to Orangeburgh or account for missing branches of their families.

At this time, we have no record of descendants with this surname having migrated to other states. If you have updated information, please share your documents with the Orangeburgh Genealogical Society.

Please help maintain, correct and expand these pages. Send comments, corrections, updates and additions to: migrations@ogsgs.org

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT: An initial implementation of these pages (and most of the information for them) was created by Gene Jeffries and published on this web site about 2002. The pages were removed from the web site when maintaining and updating the many files proved too onerous. With Gene's consent, we are republishing these files as an aid to Orangeburgh researchers and are working on streamlining the maintenance and update process.

DISCLAIMER: The family information included in Orangeburgh Family Migrations was compiled from a variety of sources, many of which are not documented. These pages have not been checked for accuracy and should not be treated as authoritative documentation on these families. They are provided as a hopefully helpful source of leads to further research into these families.